## Great Science Adventures

## What are turtles and tortoises?

## Vertebrate Concepts:

- Turtles and tortoises are vertebrates and their backbone consists of a shell.
- Most of them can tuck their head inside their shell or to the side.
- Sea turtles cannot retract their head and limbs into their shells.
- Turtles spend their lives in water and only come on land to lay their eggs; tortoises live on land.
- Turtles often have webbed feet for swimming; tortoises have sturdy legs for walking.
- Most turtles are omnivores; most tortoises are herbivores.
- Turtles and tortoises have a beak instead of teeth.
- Land turtles have hard, round shells; sea turtles have flatter, lighter shells which are streamlined for swimming.
- All turtles and tortoises lay their eggs on land.


## Vocabulary Words: shell flippers *scutes *carapace *plastron

Construct and Read: Lots of Science Library Book \#12.

## Activities:

## Green Turtles Journey - Graphic Organizer



Focus Skill: mapping
Paper Handouts: $8.5 " \mathrm{x} 11$ " sheet of paper a copy of Graphics 12A-B
Graphic Organizer: Make a Half Book. Glue/draw Graphic 12A on the cover and label it Green Turtles. Open the tab and glue/draw Graphic 12B on the top section. Use a red marker to draw a line showing the green turtle's journey from Brazil to Ascension Island. Use a green marker to draw an arrow showing the green turtle's journey back to Brazil. On the bottom section of the Half Book:

* Draw a picture of a green turtle laying eggs.

2 Write clue words about green turtles: swim 1,400 mi (2,250 km) to Ascension Island; female green turtles dig hole over 19 in ( 50 cm ) with their hind flippers, lay up to 200 eggs, journey back home, the round trip is about three years.
Describe the migratory journey of green turtles.
Open the Reptile Desktop Project and glue Green Turtles Journey Graphic Organizer on the top of the middle section.

## Turtles and Tortoises - Graphic Organizer

Focus Skill: describing
Paper Handouts: 8.5"x11" sheet of paper a copy of Graphics 12C-E Reptiles Desktop Project


Graphic Organizer: Make a Large Question and Answer Book. Glue Graphic 12C on the cover and title it Turtles and Tortoises. Glue Graphics 12D-E on the tabs and label each Turtles and Tortoises accordingly. Open the tabs:

* Under the Turtles tab, draw a land turtle and a sea turtle. Under the Tortoise tab, draw a tortoise on land.
2 Write clue words about turtles and tortoises under each tab: turtles - over 200 species, live in water, lay eggs on land, webbed feet or flippers, flat and lighter shells. tortoises 41 species, live on land, lay eggs on land, legs are for walking, round shells, hide in shells.
* Under each tab, describe the characteristics of turtles and tortoises.

Open the Reptiles Desktop Project and glue the Turtles and Tortoises Graphic Organizer on the bottom of the left section.

## Turtle in a Pond Art - Activity

Activity Materials: blue, green, yellow, orange chalk shallow pan sheet of paper hammer water Activity: Break chalk into a fine powder, keeping the colors separate. Fill the pan with water. Sprinkle blue chalk dust over the entire surface of the water. In the center,
 sprinkle a circle of green chalk dust. Sprinkle other colors on the green in patterns such as criss-crosses, diamonds, and stars. Place the sheet of paper gently on top of the water. After a few seconds, lift the paper carefully and let it dry. Add details to your turtle.

## Experiences, Investigations, and Research

Select one or more of the following activities for individual or group enrichment projects. Allow your students to determine the format in which they would like to report, share, or graphically present what they have discovered. This should be a creative investigation that utilizes your students' strengths.


1. Using an Internet Search Engine, research endangered turtles. Choose an endangered species to research and conservation efforts to save it.

2. Using an Internet Search Engine, research endangered tortoises.
3. Read and discuss The Smallest Turtle by Lynley Dodd.
4. \& Read and discuss The Turtle and the Monkey by Joanna C. Galdone.
5. Create a bar graph comparing the number of species of tortoises to the number of species of turtles.


## Green Turtles Journey

12-B


Turtles and Tortoises




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## Great Science Adventures

## Lots of Science Library Books



Each Lots of Science Library Book is made up of 16 inside pages, plus a front and back cover. All the covers to the Lots of Science Library Books are located at the front of this section. The covers are followed by the inside pages of the books.

## How to Photocopy the Lots of Science Library Books

As part of their Great Science Adventure, your students will create Lots of Science Library Books. The Lots of Science Library Books are provided as consumable pages which may be cut out of the Great Science Adventures book at the line on the top of each page. If, however, you wish to make photocopies for your students, you can do so by following the instructions below.

To photocopy the inside pages of the Lots Of Science Library Books:

1. Note that there is a "Star" above the line at the top of each $L S L B$ sheet.
2. Locate the $L S L B$ sheet that has a Star on it above page 16. Position this sheet on the glass of your photocopier so the side of the sheet which contains page 16 is facing down, and the Star above page 16 is in the left corner closest to you. Photocopy the page.
3. Turn the $L S L B$ sheet over so that the side of the $L S L B$ sheet containing page 6 is now face down. Position the sheet so the Star above page 6 is again in the left corner closest to you.
4. Insert the previously photocopied paper into the copier again, inserting it face down, with the Star at the end of the sheet that enters the copier last. Photocopy the page.
5. Repeat steps 1 through 4, above, for each $L S L B$ sheet.

To photocopy the covers of the Lots of Science Library Books:

1. Insert "Cover Sheet $A$ " in the photocopier with a Star positioned in the left corner closest to you, facing down. Photocopy the page.
2. Turn "Cover Sheet A" over so that the side you just photocopied is now facing you. Position the sheet so the Star is again in the left corner closest to you, facing down.
3. Insert the previously photocopied paper into the copier again, inserting it face down, with the Star entering the copier last. Photocopy the page.
4. Repeat steps 1 through 3, above, for "Cover Sheets" B, C, D, E, and F.

Note: The owner of this book has permission to photocopy the Lots of Science Library Book pages and covers for classroom use only.

## How to assemble the Lots of Science Library Books

Once you have made the photocopies or cut the consumable pages out of this book, you are ready to assemble your Lots of Science Library Books. To do so, follow these instructions:

1. Cut each sheet, both covers and inside pages, on the solid lines.
2. Lay the inside pages on top of one another in this order: pages 2 and 15 , pages 4 and 13, pages 6 and 11, pages 8 and 9 .
3. Fold the stacked pages on the dotted line, with pages 8 and 9 facing each other.
4. Turn the pages over so that pages 1 and 16 are on top.
5. Place the appropriate cover pages on top of the inside pages, with the front cover facing up.
6. Staple on the dotted line in two places.

You now have completed Lots of Science Library Books.
16 Lots of Science Library Book \#12
Female green turtles dig a deep hole, over 19 in ( 50 cm ) with their hind flippers and lay up to 200 eggs. Then they take their long journey back home; the round trip takes about three years.
 The underbelly part of the shell is called the plastron. The plastron is nearly flat. Its composition is similar to the carapace, with an external layer of horny material of


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Antarctica. Australia and
 found in every
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